

Criminal Justice Research Report

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Domestic Homicide in New York State 2019

This report presents a statistical account of domestic homicides reported by police departments and sheriffs' offices in 2019 to the New York State Division of Criminal Justice Services (DCJS).

Definitions: Domestic homicide is defined as a murder or non-negligent manslaughter in which the victim was known to have a domestic relationship with the offender, such as being an intimate partner or other family member.¹

An "intimate partner" relationship includes spouse, ex-spouse, heterosexual or same-sex partner or expartner, whether or not the victim and offender lived together at the time of the incident or previously.² "Other family" member includes child under 18,³ parent, sibling or other family relationship.

Data: The data analyzed for this report are taken from the Supplementary Homicide Report (SHR) submitted by police agencies to DCJS as of July 6, 2020.

Submitted as part of New York State's Uniform Crime Reporting program, the SHR report includes case-level information on all criminal homicides reported to police or sheriffs, and

includes the following information: victim-offender relationship; demographics of victim and offender, such as sex, race/ethnicity and age; and the type of weapon used in the crime.⁴

Overview: In this report, domestic homicides are compared to the total number of homicides statewide and in the state's two regions: the five counties (also known as boroughs) of New York City and the Rest of State, defined as the remaining 57 counties outside the five boroughs.

This report also details the demographic characteristics of all homicide and domestic homicide victims and the types of weapons used. Specific details also are included about:

- Intimate partner homicide, which is the most frequent type of domestic homicide;
- Homicides involving minor child victims; and
- Homicides with other family members as victims.

Statistics for the 10-year period from 2010 to 2019 and county-specific data also are included.

Major Findings

- In 2019, domestic homicides accounted for 24 percent of all homicides reported in the state (131 of 558).
- Domestic homicides increased 18 percent when compared to 2018, while non-domestic homicides decreased by 6 percent.
- Statewide, there were 65 intimate partner homicides reported, a 10 percent increase (65 vs. 59) when compared to 2018. There were 25 in New York City, the fewest since this report has been published.
- Half the female homicide victims who were 16 or older were killed by their intimate partners as compared to 3 percent of all male homicide victims of the same age.
- Knives, cutting instruments or blunt objects were most often used in intimate partner homicides (33 of 65 or 51%).
- A firearm was used in 40 percent of intimate partner homicides in the Rest of State. Only 12 percent of these homicides in New York City involved a firearm.

¹ Homicide is defined as "the willful killing of one human being by another." *Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook.* Murder and non-negligent manslaughter refer to crimes in New York State Penal Laws Section 125.15 through Section 125.27 and include: murder in the first and second degree, aggravated murder, aggravated manslaughter in the first and second degree, and manslaughter in the first and second degree.

² New York Criminal Procedure Law section 530.11(1)(a-e).

³ "Child" is defined as an individual who is under 18 years old and is a biological or adopted child.

⁴ New York City homicide data are extracted from the New York City Police Department Shootings and Homicides database, which differs from the SHR but not in ways that substantially affect this analysis.

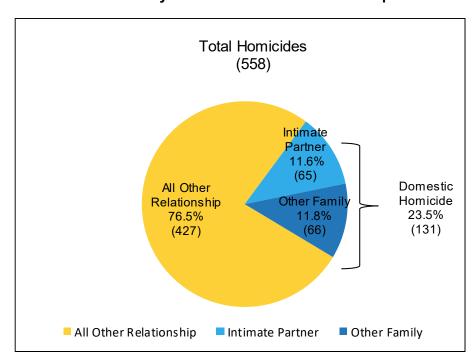


Chart 1.
2019 Total Homicides by Victim to Offender Relationship in New York State

There were 558 homicides reported in 2019 and of those, 131 (23.5%) involved a domestic relationship.

The victim and offender were intimate partners in 65 of 131 domestic homicides. Intimate partner victims represented 49.6 percent of domestic homicide victims and 11.6 percent of all homicide victims.

The remaining 66 domestic homicide victims were killed by other family members. Those victims were most commonly the child, child of intimate partner, or sibling of the offender.

Eight domestic homicide incidents reported in 2019 involved multiple victims. In four of those incidents, the perpetrator also committed suicide. The perpetrator was an adult male in six of the eight incidents, including three murder-suicides:

- A male offender killed his girlfriend and her 14-year-old son, then committed suicide.
- A male offender killed his girlfriend and her 10-year-old daughter.
- A male offender killed his girlfriend and their two children.
- A female offender killed her two daughters.
- A female offender killed her three children, then committed suicide.
- A male offender killed his two infant children.
- A male offender killed his wife and their 5-year old daughter, then committed suicide.
- A male offender killed his wife, 7-year old son, and infant daughter, then committed suicide.

Table 1 compares domestic and other homicides in New York City and the Rest of State in 2019. Of the 558 homicides reported statewide, 319 (57.1%) occurred in New York City and 239 (42.9%) occurred in the Rest of State. Appendix A details regional and county statistics.

Table 1. Domestic Homicides and Other Homicides by Type of Relationship and Region⁵

		Homicide Vi	ctims by Regior	ı
	New Yo	ork City	Rest o	f the State
		Percent of Total		Percent of Total
Type of Relationship	Number	Homicides	Number	Homicides
Domestic Homicide	62	19.4%	69	28.9%
Intimate Partner	25	7.8%	40	16.7%
Other Family	37	11.6%	29	12.1%
All Other Homicide	257	80.6%	170	71.1%
Known	60	18.8%	71	29.7%
Unknown	197	61.8%	99	41.4%
Total Homicides	319	100.0%	239	100.0%

- There were more homicide victims in New York City than in the Rest of the State, but homicides reported as domestic were more common outside of the five boroughs: 28.9 percent of all reported homicide victims were killed in domestic incidents in the Rest of State, compared to 19.4 percent in New York City.
- New York City reported 62 domestic homicide victims, accounting for 19.4 percent of all homicide victims in the five boroughs.

Table 2 compares the sex of homicide victims who were 16 and older statewide and by region. The vast majority of all homicide victims (509 of 558 or 91.2%) were in that age group.

Table 2. Victims of Homicide (Age 16 and Older) by Sex and Region

	Α	ge 16 & Older	
Gender	Intimate Partner Victims	All Homicide Victims	Percent Intimate Partner
Statewide	65	509	12.8%
Female	55	111	49.5%
Male	10	398	2.5%
New York City	25	290	8.6%
Female	23	49	46.9%
Male	2	241	0.8%
Rest of the State	40	219	18.3%
Female	32	62	51.6%
Male	8	157	5.1%

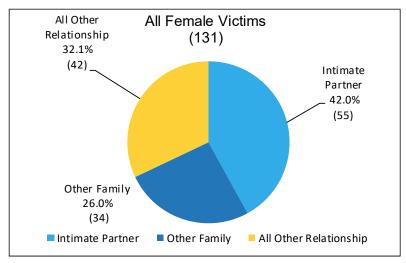
- Statewide, there were 111 female homicide victims who were 16 or older and of those, nearly half were killed by their intimate partner.
- In New York City, 46.9 percent of female victims were killed by an intimate partner as compared to 51.6 percent in the Rest of the State.

⁵ For this report, intimate partners include spouse, ex-spouse, heterosexual partner or ex-partner, and same-sex partner or ex-partner, whether or not the victim and offender were living together at the time of the homicide or had previously lived together. Domestic homicide statistics reported by NYPD include homicide victims who were killed in the incident, but were not intimate partners or members of the same family as the offender. These victims are excluded from domestic victim counts in this report.

Domestic Homicides vs. all Homicides by Victim Sex

Charts 2 and 3 detail the number of female and male domestic homicide victims by type of relationship to the offender as compared to all homicide victims in the state.

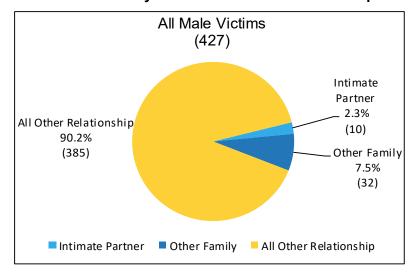
Chart 2.
2019 Female Victim Homicides by Victim to Offender Relationship in New York State



- Statewide, 67.9 percent of the 131 female homicide victims were killed in a domestic homicide, either by an intimate partner or other family member.
- Among the 42 females killed in a non-domestic homicide, 14 were killed by a friend, acquaintance, neighbor or someone otherwise known to the victim; six were killed by a stranger. The victim-offender relationship was listed as unknown or not reported for 22 female victims.

Chart 3.

2019 Male Victim Homicides by Victim to Offender Relationship in New York State



- The vast majority of males were killed in a non-domestic incident: 385 (90.2%) of 427.
- In stark contrast to female homicide victims, only 10 (2.3%) of the 427 male homicide victims were killed by an intimate partner and 32 (7.5%) by another family member.
- Among the 385 males killed in a non-domestic homicide, 79 were killed by a friend, acquaintance, neighbor or someone otherwise known to the victim; and 32 were killed by a stranger. The victim to offender relationship was listed as unknown or not reported for 274 male victims.

Demographics of Homicide Victims

Table 3 presents the sex and race/ethnicity of domestic and other homicide victims by region. A synopsis of the statistics in this table follows on Page 6.

Table 3. Domestic Homicides and Other Homicides by Victim Demographics and Region

			Statewi	ide				
	Intimate	Partner	Other I	Family	Total De	omestic	All O	thers
Victim Demographics	Number	Percent		-	Number		Number	Percent
Sex								
Female	55	84.6%	34	51.5%	89	67.9%	42	9.8%
Male	10	15.4%	32	48.5%	42	32.1%	385	90.2%
Race/Ethnicity								
White	24	36.9%	13	19.7%	37	28.2%	41	9.6%
Black	20	30.8%	32	48.5%	52	39.7%	263	61.6%
Hispanic	13	20.0%	14	21.2%	27	20.6%	102	23.9%
Other	6	9.2%	6	9.1%	12	9.2%	16	3.7%
Unknown	2	3.1%	1	1.5%	3	2.3%	5	1.2%
Total Victims	6	5	6	6	13	31	42	27
			New York	City				
Sex				-				
Female	23	92.0%	18	48.6%	41	66.1%	19	7.4%
Male	2	8.0%	19	51.4%	21	33.9%	238	92.6%
Race/Ethnicity								
White	4	16.0%	3	8.1%	7	11.3%	10	3.9%
Black	7	28.0%	17	45.9%	24	38.7%	154	59.9%
Hispanic	9	36.0%	13	35.1%	22	35.5%	74	28.8%
Other	4	16.0%	4	10.8%	8	12.9%	15	5.8%
Unknown	1	4.0%	0	0.0%	1	1.6%	4	1.6%
Total Victims	2	5	3	7	6	2	25	57
	<u> </u>	ı	Rest of the	State				
Sex								
Female	32	80.0%	16	55.2%	48	69.6%	23	13.5%
Male	8	20.0%	13	44.8%	21	30.4%	147	86.5%
Race/Ethnicity								
White	20	50.0%	10	34.5%	30	43.5%	31	18.2%
Black	13	32.5%	15	51.7%	28	40.6%	109	64.1%
Hispanic	4	10.0%	1	3.4%	5	7.2%	28	16.5%
Other	2	5.0%	2	6.9%	4	5.8%	1	0.6%
Unknown	1	2.5%	1	3.4%	2	2.9%	1	0.6%
Total Victims	4	0	2	9	6	9	17	' 0

<u>Sex</u>

- The victims of intimate partner homicides were most frequently female: 84.6 percent (55 of 65). Females were victims in 9.8 percent (42 of 427) of all other homicides.
- Males were most often the victims in non-domestic homicides: 90.2 percent (385 of 427).

Race and Ethnicity

Non-Domestic Homicides

The majority (85.5%) of non-domestic homicide victims were either Black (61.6%) or Hispanic (23.9%).

All Domestic Homicides

- In domestic homicides, 39.7 percent (52) of victims were Black, 28.2 percent (37) were White and 20.6 percent (27) were Hispanic.
 - New York City reported more Black (24) and Hispanic victims (22) of domestic homicide than White victims (7).
 - In the Rest of the State, there were more White victims (30) of domestic homicide, than Black (28) or Hispanic (5).

Intimate Partner Homicides

Office of Justice Research & Performance

- Among the 65 intimate partner homicide victims statewide, 36.9 percent (24) were White, 30.8 percent (20) were Black, and 20 percent (13) were Hispanic.
 - In New York City, there were 25 intimate partner homicides: nine victims were Hispanic, seven were Black and four were White.
 - In Rest of the State, there were 40 intimate partner homicides: 20 victims were White, 13 were Black and four were Hispanic.

Table 4 presents domestic homicide victims by age group and type of relationship.

Table 4. Domestic Homicides by Victim Age Group

			Statewide			
	Intimate	<u>Partner</u>	Other F	amily	Total D	omestic
Age Group	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Infant <1	_	_	14	21.2%	14	10.7%
1 - 4	_	_	12	18.2%	12	9.2%
5 - 15	_	_	9	13.6%	9	6.9%
16 - 19	4	6.2%	2	3.0%	6	4.6%
20 - 29	14	21.5%	2	3.0%	16	12.2%
30 - 39	18	27.7%	5	7.6%	23	17.6%
40 - 49	11	16.9%	1	1.5%	12	9.2%
50 - 59	12	18.5%	7	10.6%	19	14.5%
60 & Older	6	9.2%	14	21.2%	20	15.3%
Total	65	100.0%	66	100.0%	131	100.0%
		N	ew York City			
Infant <1	_	_	9	24.3%	9	14.5%
1 - 4	_	_	8	21.6%	8	12.9%
5 - 15	_	_	4	10.8%	4	6.5%
16 - 19	2	8.0%	1	2.7%	3	4.8%
20 - 29	4	16.0%	1	2.7%	5	8.1%
30 - 39	10	40.0%	3	8.1%	13	21.0%
40 - 49	5	20.0%	0	0.0%	5	8.1%
50 - 59	3	12.0%	3	8.1%	6	9.7%
60 & Older	1	4.0%	8	21.6%	9	14.5%
Total	25	100.0%	37	100.0%	62	100.0%
		Re	st of the State)		
Infant <1	_	_	5	17.2%	5	7.2%
1 - 4	_	_	4	13.8%	4	5.8%
5 - 15	_	_	5	17.2%	5	7.2%
16 - 19	2	5.0%	1	3.4%	3	4.3%
20 - 29	10	25.0%	1	3.4%	11	15.9%
30 - 39	8	20.0%	2	6.9%	10	14.5%
40 - 49	6	15.0%	1	3.4%	7	10.1%
50 - 59	9	22.5%	4	13.8%	13	18.8%
60 & Older	5	12.5%	6	20.7%	11	15.9%
Total	40	100.0%	29	100.0%	69	100.0%

- There were more intimate partner victims younger than 30 (12) in the Rest of the State, as compared to New York City (6).
- In contrast, New York City had more intimate partner victims who were 30 through 49 (60%) when compared to the Rest of the State (35%).
- In New York City, 45.9 percent of other family victims were younger than 5, as compared to 31 percent in the Rest of the State.

Child Victims of Domestic Homicide

Table 5 presents demographics of child victims of domestic homicide. Child victims are those younger than 18 who were killed by a parent, a parent's intimate partner or another family member.

Table 5. Child Domestic Homicide Victims by Demographic Characteristics

Victim Demographics	Statewide	New York City	Rest of the State
Age Group			
Infant (< 1 yr.)	14	9	5
1 - 4	12	8	4
5 - 9	6	2	4
10 - 17	4	2	2
Gender			
Female	16	9	7
Male	20	12	8
Race/Ethnicity			
White	6	2	4
Black	19	10	9
Hispanic	9	9	0
Other	2	0	2
Offender's Relationship			
to Victim			
Sibling	2	1	1
Parent	31	18	13
Step-Parent	3	2	1
Total	36	21	15

- Statewide, there were 36 child victims of domestic homicide: 21 in New York City and 15 in the Rest of the State.
- Of those 36 child victims, 26 (72.2%) were younger than 5 years old and of those, 14 were infants.
- A parent was the perpetrator in 31 child victim homicides; a step-parent in three and a sibling in two.

Adult Family Member Victims of Domestic Homicide

- For purposes of this report, an adult is defined as 18 years old or older.
- Statewide, there were 30 adult victims of domestic homicide: 10 parents; 10 other family members; five in-laws; three siblings; one child; and one step-child (data not shown in table).

Weapons Used in Domestic Homicide

Table 6 details the type of weapon used in domestic homicides and the relationship of the victim to the offender. Weapon types include firearms; knives, cutting instruments or blunt objects; personal weapons (hands, feet and teeth); and miscellaneous weapons (motor vehicle, fire and poison).

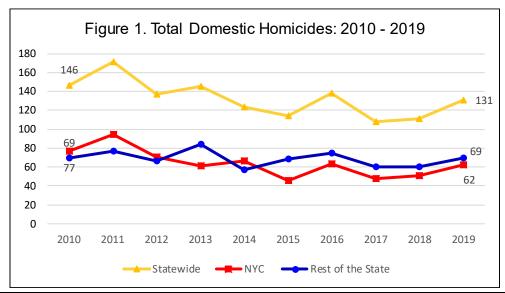
Table 6. Domestic Homicide by Type of Weapon Used

	;	Statewide				
	Intimate	<u>Partner</u>	Other F	<u>amily</u>	To	<u>tal</u>
Weapons Used	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Firearm	19	29.2%	6	9.1%	25	19.1%
Knives/Cutting/Blunt Instruments	33	50.8%	24	36.4%	57	43.5%
Personal Weapons (hands, feet, teeth)	7	10.8%	12	18.2%	19	14.5%
Miscellaneous Weapons	6	9.2%	23	34.8%	29	22.1%
Not Reported/Unknown	0	0.0%	1	1.5%	1	0.8%
Total	65	100.0%	66	100.0%	131	100.0%
	Ne	w York Cit	у			
Firearm	3	12.0%	1	2.7%	4	6.5%
Knives/Cutting/Blunt Instruments	14	56.0%	15	40.5%	29	46.8%
Personal Weapons (hands, feet, teeth)	3	12.0%	6	16.2%	9	14.5%
Miscellaneous Weapons	5	20.0%	15	40.5%	20	32.3%
Not Reported/Unknown	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Total	25	100.0%	37	100.0%	62	100.0%
	Res	t of the Sta	te			
Firearm	16	40.0%	5	17.2%	21	30.4%
Knives/Cutting/Blunt Instruments	19	47.5%	9	31.0%	28	40.6%
Personal Weapons (hands, feet, teeth)	4	10.0%	6	20.7%	10	14.5%
Miscellaneous Weapons	1	2.5%	8	27.6%	9	13.0%
Not Reported/Unknown	0	0.0%	1	3.4%	1	1.4%
Total	40	100.0%	29	100.0%	69	100.0%

- A knife/cutting instrument or blunt object was the most common weapon used in all domestic homicides (57 of 131), followed by miscellaneous weapons (29 of 131) and firearms (25 of 131).
- Firearms were used in 30.4 percent of domestic homicides in the Rest of State as compared to 6.5 percent of those that occurred in New York City.
- In New York City, a knife, cutting instrument or blunt object was the weapon used against 56 percent of victims in intimate partner homicides.
- In Rest of State, a knife, cutting instrument or blunt object was used in 47.5 percent of intimate partner homicides and a firearm was used in 40 percent of intimate partner homicides.
- Among the 66 other family domestic homicides, 36.4 percent involved a knife, cutting instrument, or blunt object; 34.8 percent involved miscellaneous weapons and 18.2 percent involved personal weapons (hands, feet, teeth).

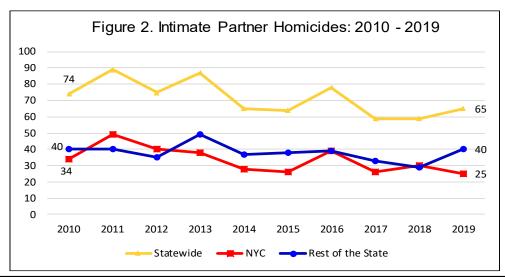
Trends in Domestic Homicide 2010 - 2019

The Division of Criminal Justice Services first published a Domestic Homicide Report in 2008, analyzing data from 2007. This section of the report compares domestic homicides annually for the 10-year period from 2010 through 2019. Reports are <u>available online</u> or can be requested by email: pressinfo@dcjs.ny.gov.



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Statewide	146	171	137	145	123	114	138	108	111	131
NYC	77	94	71	61	66	46	63	48	51	62
Rest of the State	69	77	66	84	57	68	75	60	60	69

- Statewide, 2011 was the year with the most domestic homicides (171) and 2017, was the lowest (108).
- New York City had the fewest domestic homicides in 2015, while the Rest of the State reported the fewest in 2014.

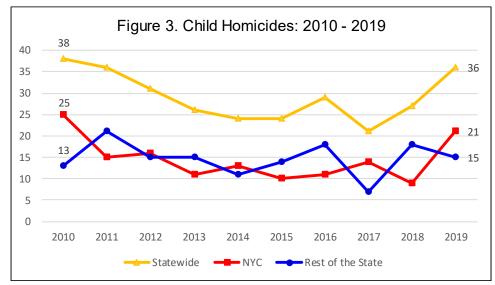


	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Statewide	74	89	75	87	65	64	78	59	59	65
NYC	34	49	40	38	28	26	39	26	30	25
Rest of the State	40	40	35	49	37	38	39	33	29	40

- The fewest number of intimate partner homicides during the 10-year period was 59, in 2017 and 2018.
- There were 25 intimate partner homicides in New York City in 2019, the lowest reported since this report has been published. Those homicides in the Rest of the State reached a low of 29 in 2018.

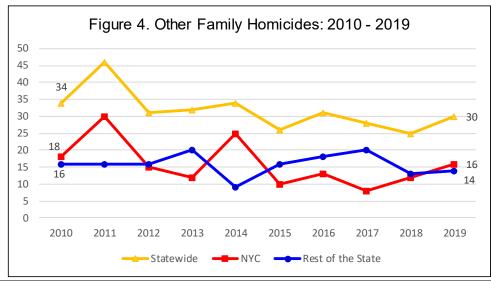
Trends in Domestic Homicide 2010 - 2019

Figures 3 and 4 show child and other family homicides reported from 2010 through 2019.



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Statewide	38	36	31	26	24	24	29	21	27	36
NYC	25	15	16	11	13	10	11	14	9	21
Rest of the State	13	21	15	15	11	14	18	7	18	15

• Statewide, child homicides increased by 33.3 percent from 2018 to 2019. The 21 child homicides reported by New York City in 2019 was the second highest since 2010. There were 15 child homicides reported in the Rest of the State during the same period, three fewer than 2018.



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Statewide	34	46	31	32	34	26	31	28	25	30
NYC	18	30	15	12	25	10	13	8	12	16
Rest of the State	16	16	16	20	9	16	18	20	13	14

• Other family homicides continue to fluctuate annually in New York City and the Rest of the State. In 2019, New York City reported 16 and the Rest of State reported 14.

Appendix A. Domestic and Total Homicides by Region and County, 2019

	Don	nestic Homicides		All Homicides
County	Intimate Partner	Other Family	Total	Total
New York City	25	37	62	319
Bronx	9	11	20	84
Kings	3	8	11	100
New York	4	6	10	52
Queens	6	9	15	69
Richmond	3	3	6	14
Rest of the State	40	29	69	239
Albany	1	2	3	8
Allegany	0	1	1	1
Broome	0	1	1	2
Chautauqua	0	0	0	2
Chemung	0	0	0	1
Clinton	1	0	1	1
Columbia	0	0	0	1
Dutchess	1	0	1	5
Erie	13	2	15	59
Fulton	0	0	0	1
Genesee	0	0	0	1
Lewis	0	0	0	2
Monroe	3	2	5	37
Montgomery	0	0	0	1
Nassau	2	2	4	16
Niagara	0	0	0	3
Oneida	2	2	4	8
Onondaga	3	4	7	19
Ontario	0	0	0	2
Orange	3	1	4	10
Oswego	0	0	0	1
Otsego	0	1	1	1
Rensselaer	2	1	3	3
Rockland	0	0	0	2
Saratoga	0	0	0	1
Schenectady	1	0	1	3
Suffolk	6	5	11	26
Sullivan	0	0	0	1
Tioga	0	1	1	2
Tompkins	0	1	1	3
Ulster	0	0	0	3
Westchester	2	3	5	13
Grand Total	65	66	131	558

The following counties with no homicides of any type reported in 2019 are excluded from the table: Cattaraugus, Cayuga, Chenango, Cortland, Delaware, Essex, Franklin, Greene, Hamilton, Herkimer, Jefferson, Livingston, Madison, Orleans, Putnam, St. Lawrence, Schoharie, Schuyler, Seneca, Steuben, Warren, Washington, Wayne, Wyoming and Yates. Fourteen other counties with no domestic homicides but at least one other homicide in 2019 — Chautauqua, Chemung, Columbia, Fulton, Genesee, Lewis, Montgomery, Niagara, Ontario, Oswego, Rockland, Saratoga, Sullivan and Ulster— are included.

Appendix B. Domestic Homicide Victims by Region and County 2015 - 2019

		All	Dome	stic			Intim	ate Pa	rtner			Oth	er Far	nily	
County	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
New York City	46	63	48	51	62	26	39	26	30	25	20	24	22	21	37
Bronx	16	23	11	20	20	10	16	7	13	9	6	7	4	7	11
Kings	8	13	16	15	11	3	9	9	8	3	5	4	7	7	8
New York	7	8	8	4	10	3	3	6	2	4	4	5	2	2	6
Queens	14	10	10	10	15	9	5	3	6	6	5	5	7	4	9
Richmond	1	9	3	2	6	1	6	1	1	3	0	3	2	1	3
Rest of the State	68	75	60	60	69	38	39	33	29	40	30	36	27	31	29
Albany	0	2	0	1	3	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	2
Allegany	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Broome	2	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	0	1	1
Cattaraugus	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Cayuga	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chautauqua	3	2	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0
Chemung	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Chenango	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Clinton	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Columbia	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Cortland	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Delaware	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dutchess	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
Erie	8	9	5	7	15	5	5	2	4	13	3	4	3	3	2
Franklin	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fulton	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Genesee	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Herkimer	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Jefferson	1	2	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Lewis	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Livingston	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Madison	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Monroe	4	8	10	9	5	3	4	6	6	3	1	4	4	3	2
Montgomery	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nassau	7	3	3	2	4	3	2	0	2	2	4	1	3	0	2
Niagara	2	1	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Oneida	5	1	1	3	4	1	0	0	1	2	4	1	1	2	2
Onondaga	3	7	2	5	7	1	2	1	1	3	2	5	1	4	4
Ontario	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Orange	2	3	1	2	4	2	0	1	1	3	0	3	0	1	1
Oswego	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
Otsego	1	0	3	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	1
Putnam	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Rensselaer	1	1	0	1	3	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	1
Rockland	3	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
St Lawrence	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Saratoga	0	1	1	2	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
Schenectady	0	2	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
Seneca	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
Steuben	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suffolk	6	8	6	7	11	4	4	4	3	6	2	4	2	4	5
Sullivan	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tioga	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Tompkins	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Ulster	0	3	1	1	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Warren	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Washington	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
Wayne	1	0	2	2	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0
Westchester	3	8	6	3	5	1	4	3	1	2	2	4	3	2	3
Wyoming	2	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Yates	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Grand Total	114	138	108	111	131	64	78	59	59	65	50	60	49	52	66

The following six counties with no domestic homicides reported for the five-year period from 2015 through 2019 are excluded from the table: Essex, Greene, Hamilton, Orleans, Schoharie and Schuyler.